

# Acetogenins: Chemoenzymatic Synthesis And Molecular Probing Of Respiratory NADH Dehydrogenases

Matthijs J. van Lint<sup>1</sup>, Eelco Ruijter<sup>1</sup>, Rob J.M. van Spanning<sup>1</sup>, Mélanie Hall<sup>2</sup>,  
K. Faber<sup>2</sup>, Hans V. Westerhoff<sup>1</sup> and Romano V.A. Orru<sup>1</sup>

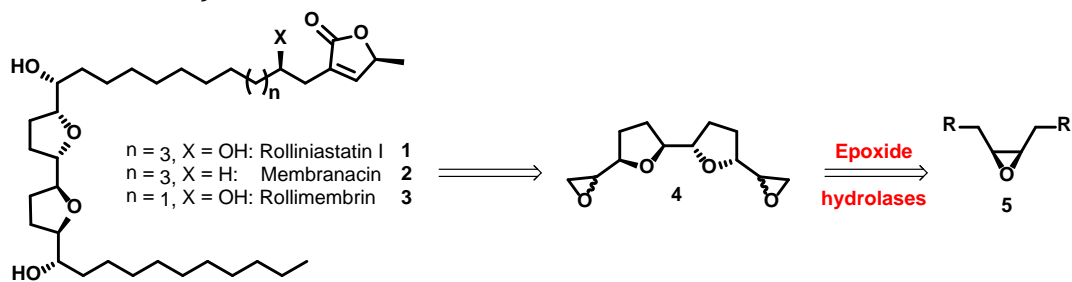
<sup>1</sup>Amsterdam Institute for Molecules Medicines and Systems (AIMMS), VU University, Amsterdam (NL),

<sup>2</sup>Department of Chemistry, Organic and Bioorganic Chemistry, University of Graz (AT).

E-mail: m.j.van.lint@vu.nl

Complex I (NADH dehydrogenase) plays a central role in cellular energetics and is a major source of reactive oxygen species (ROS).<sup>1</sup> It appears that tumour cells are closer to excessive ROS generation than healthy cells due to a more negative redox potential of the NAD(H) couple.<sup>2</sup> Therefore, Complex I is an interesting target for differential drug design.<sup>3</sup>

The most potent among the many structurally diverse inhibitors of Complex I are the annonaceous acetogenins, a large class of polyketide natural products isolated from the *Annonaceae* family of flowering plants.<sup>4</sup> The typical structure of these compounds comprises of a (*S*)-5-methylbutenolide ring substituted at the 3-position with a long linear aliphatic chain incorporating often two tetrahydrofuran (THF) fragments (*e.g.* compounds **1**, **2** and **3**).



We envision that the bis-THF-bis-epoxides **4** can be synthesized stereoselectively from *meso*-epoxides **5** by biocatalytic hydrolysis, using a broad range of epoxide hydrolases from the collection hosted at the University of Graz.<sup>5</sup> The multidisciplinary nature of this project will be underscored by highlighting both the synthetic organic chemistry and chemical biology.

<sup>1</sup> Lenaz *et al.*, *Biochim Biophys Acta* **2009**, 1787, 384–392

<sup>2</sup> Manda *et al.*, *Curr. Chem. Biol.* **2009**, 3, 342–366

<sup>3</sup> Westerhoff, *Systems Biology: New Paradigms for Cell Biology and Drug Design*, Springer Berlin Heidelberg, **2007**, 45–67. Print

<sup>4</sup> McLaughlin, *J. Nat. Prod.* **1999**, 62, 504–540

<sup>5</sup> Faber *et al.* *Eur. J. Org. Chem.* **2001**, 4537–4542